

BOGUS CLUSTERS AND TUSCAN ITALIAN: IMPLICATIONS FOR THE THEORY OF SONORITY

Shanti Ulfsbjorninn
University of Lyon and UCL - London
s.ulfsbjorninn@ucl.ac.uk

METRICAL LENGTHENING

[ví:pera] *[vípera] ‘viper’

[muré:na] *[muréna] ‘moray eel’

[karitá] *[karitá:] ‘charity’

This interaction is known as *metrical* or *tonic lengthening* (cf. Hayes 1995).

In Tuscan, all vowel length is a product of *Metrical lengthening*. Long vowels are otherwise illicit: [viper-átʃ:a] *[vi:per-átʃ:a] ‘bad viper’ (cf. [ví:pera]) and [alabá:ma] *[a:labá:ma] ‘Alabama’ (cf. àlabáma Eng).

This is different from Standardised Tuscan, a variety with metrical lengthening only in penultimate position (Savoia 2014).

METRICAL LENGTHENING AND HETEROSYLLABICITY

(1) Length is blocked before heterosyllabic structures

| | Antepenultimate | | Penultimate | |
|------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------|
| Stop | [dzók:olo] | 'clog' | [marmót:a] | 'marmot' |
| Affricate | [kjótʃ:ola] | 'snail' | [rítʃ:o] | 'hedgehog' |
| Nasal | [míŋ:olo] | 'little finger' | [kán:a] | 'spliff' |
| Lateral | [libél:ula] | 'damselfly' | [korál:o] | 'coral' |
| Rhotic | [tór:iðo] | 'scorching' | [vér:e] | 'male fox' |

METRICAL LENGTHENING AND CC

Unlike geminates that never permit vowel length before them, consonant clusters have variable patterning. CCs split into two types.

There are those that behave like heterosyllabic geminates:

[mósto, ménta, pólpo, tʃérvo] ‘must, mint, octopus, deer’

And those that behave like singletons:

c[á:]pra, v[é:]tro, s[ó:]brio, c[í:]clo ‘goat, glass, sober, cycle’.

METRICAL LENGTHENING AND CC

Length permitted

pr, br, tr, dr, kr, gr, kl, gl

Length banned

**rp, rb, rt, rd, rtʃ, rdʒ, rk, rg, rm, rn, rl, lp, lb, lt, ld, ltʃ, ldʒ, lk, lg,
lf, lv, rf, rv, lm, ln, mp, mb, nt, nd, ntʃ, ndʒ, nk, ng, nf, ns, sp, st,
sk, fk ps, tl, tn, kt, pt, tm, pn, tn, tl**

METRICAL LENGTHENING AND SONORITY

3) Sonority differential (Parker 2011)

(4) Sonority Hierarchy

$$C_2 - C_1 = \Delta x$$

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Glide | 8 |
| Rhotic | 7 |
| Lateral | 6 |
| Nasal | 5 |
| Fricative | 4 |
| Affricate | 3 |
| Stop | 2 |

METRICAL LENGTHENING AND SONORITY

(5) Sonority differential of CCs permitting length

Steep Rises:

(i) Stop - Rhotic pr :: r |7| - p |2| = Δ5

(ii) Stop – Lateral kl :: l |6| - k |2| = Δ4

METRICAL LENGTHENING AND SONORITY

(6) Sonority differential of CCs banning length

(a) Steep falls

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------|-----|----|---------------|---|-----|
| | (i) | Rhotic – Stop | rɒ | :: | p 2 - r 7 | = | Δ-5 |
| | (ii) | Rhotic – Affricate | rʈʃ | :: | tʃ 3 - r 7 | = | Δ-4 |
| | (iii) | Lateral – Stop | lɒ | :: | p 2 - l 6 | = | Δ-4 |
| | (iv) | Lateral – Affricate | lʈʃ | :: | tʃ 3 - l 6 | = | Δ-3 |
| (b) Shallow fall: | (i) | Fricative – Stop | sʈ | :: | t 2 - s 4 | = | Δ-2 |
| (c) Near flat | (i) | Lateral – Nasal | ln | :: | n 5 - l 6 | = | Δ-1 |
| | (ii) | Rhotic – Lateral | rɿ | :: | ɿ 6 - r 7 | = | Δ-1 |
| (d) Shallow rises | (i) | Stop – Fricative | pʂ | :: | s 4 - p 2 | = | Δ2 |
| (e) Steep rises | (i) | Stop – Lateral | tɿ | :: | ɿ 6 - t 2 | = | Δ4 |

GORGIA TOSCANA AND

7) *Gorgia Toscana* distribution and realization across Tuscany

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| (a) Massa-Carrara/N Lucca | – | none |
| (b) Arezzo | – | Restricted to /k/ |
| (c) Pisa/Livorno | – | Restricted to /k, t, d/ |
| (d) Florence/Siena | – | Full: /p, b, t, d, k, g/ → /ɸ, β, θ, ð, h or ɦ, γ/ |
| (e) GR/Maremma | – | Full: /p, b, t, d, k, g/ → /ɸ, β, θ, ð, x, γ/ or... /pɸ, bβ, tθ, dð, x, γ/ |

Pace Marotta (2008) who claims (based on old data) that Grosseto patterns with Livorno and Pisa. It is possible that *Gorgia* has been extended in recent decades, but essentially all stops lenite.

Marotta (2008) also reports fricativised stops as lenition outcomes in Pisa.

TUSCAN DEAFFRICATION

(8) Tuscan de-affrication

- | | | | | | |
|-----|----------|-------|---|------------|------------|
| (a) | [tʃé:rə] | 'wax' | > | [la-ʃé:rə] | 'the wax' |
| (b) | [dʒórno] | 'day' | > | [i-ʒórni] | 'the days' |

DEFINING CONTEXT OF GORGIA

(9) *Gorgia Toscana I (to be rejected)*

[+cons, -son, -cont] → [+cont] / [-cons, +cont] __

MISPREDICTION

| Cluster | Initial? | Example | Counterfactual | Gloss |
|---------|----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| tl | no | [atléta] | *[aθléta] | 'athelete' |
| tn | no | [étna] | *[éθna] | 'Etna' |
| tm | only | [la-tmé:sí] | *[la-θmé:sí] | 'tmesis' |
| pn | yes | [apné:a] [lo-pneumáθixo] | *[loφneumáθixo] | 'breathlessness' 'the tire' |
| ps | yes | [ípsilon] [lo-psixoanalista] | *[íφpsilon] *[loφsixoanalista] | 'Y' 'the psychoanalyst' |
| kt | no | [íktus] | *[íxtus] | 'stroke' |
| pt | only | [lo-pteroðat:ilo] | *[loφteroðat:ilo] | 'the pterodactyl' |

GORGIA DEFINITION II

(11) *Gorgia Toscana II (to be rejected)*

[+cons, -son, -cont] → [+son, +cont] / [+son, +cont] __ [+son, +cont]

Misprediction: If rhotics are special in being sonorant continuants in Tuscan and Gorgia applies in an intersonorant context, then the rule predicts that spirantisation should apply symmetrically in ‘rhotic __ vowel’ sequences. However, these contexts do not trigger Gorgia (or deaffrication): [kórp̪o] *[kórp̪o] ‘body’, [sórtʃo] *[sórtʃo] ‘mouse’.

GORGLA AND CCS

| | Gorgia | | Gloss | |
|----|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| pr | [pré:yo] | 'pray' | [leΦré:yjé:re] | 'the prayers' |
| pj | [pjé:nɑ] | 'full river' | [laΦjé:nɑ] | 'the full river' |
| pl | [plak:a] | 'plaque' | [laΦlák:a] | 'the plaque' |
| br | [brú:xo] | 'worm' | [iβrú:xi] | 'the worms' |
| bj | [bjáʃ:ixa] | 'chew slowly' | [leβbjáʃ:ixaθe] | 'the chewings' |
| bl | [blát:a] | 'bug/cockroach' | [leβlát:e] | 'the bugs' |

GORGIA CLUSTERS ARE NOT DEFINED BY SONORITY

| Cluster | Sonority Differential | Sonority Profile | Example | Gloss |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kt | Δ0 | Flat | [íktus] | 'stroke' |
| pt | Δ0 | Flat | [lo-pteroðat:ilo] | 'the pterodactyl' |
| ps | Δ2 | Shallow rise | [ípsilɔn] [lo-psixoanalista] | 'Y' 'the psychoanalyst' |
| tm | Δ3 | Steep rise | [la-tmé:si] | 'tmesis' |
| pn | Δ3 | Steep rise | [apné:a] [lo-pneumáθixo] | 'breathlessness' 'the tire' |
| tn | Δ3 | Steep rise | [étna] | 'Etna' |
| tl | Δ4 | Steep rise | [atléta] | 'athelete' |

THIRD PROCESS: EPENTHESIS

| | <i>Epenthesis</i> | <i>Example</i> |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| (a) Liquid – Stop | no | |
| (b) Liquid – Affricate | no | |
| (c) Liquid – Fricative | no | |
| (d) Liquid – Nasal | no | |
| (e) Rhotic – Lateral | no | |
| (f) Nasal – Stop | no | |
| (g) Nasal – Affricate | no | |
| (h) Nasal – Fricative | no | |
| (i) Fricative – Stop | no | |
| (j) Stop – Fricative | yes | [pis]icologa |
| (k) Stop – Liquid | yes | [ati/e]las |
| (l) Stop – Nasal | yes | [ati]mosfera |
| (m) Stop – Stop | yes | [pe/Ø]terodattilo |

PROCESSES AND ITS REJECTS: FINDING CC SETS

| | Target/Filtered | Slag |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>Metrical Lengthening</i> | Branching onset | Rime-onset, Bogus cluster |
| <i>Gorgia</i> | Branching onset | Rime-onset, Bogus cluster |
| <i>Epenthesis</i> | Bogus cluster | Rime-onset, Branching onset |

From comparing these processes, their targets and the slag, one can find the unique sets of CCs. *Metrical lengthening* and *Gorgia* filters the first type: Branching onsets. *Epenthesis* filters the second set, what Harris (1994) calls: Bogus clusters. Finally, comparing the slag of *Metrical Lengthening* and *Gorgia* against that of *Epenthesis* allows one to finds the unique set of rime-onset sequences.

ALTERNATIVE TO SONORITY

Singleton and Branching onset vs. Geminate

Metrical lengthening and Gorgia

Singleton

/tópə/

mouse

[untó:ɸə]

a mouse

Geminate

/páp:a/

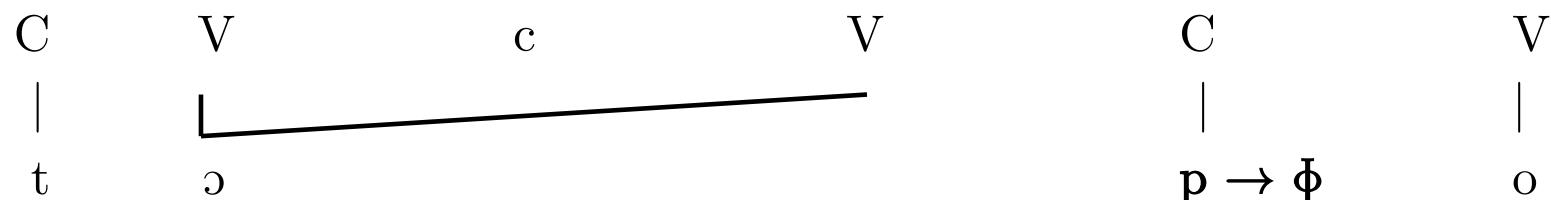
slurry

[laɸáp:a]

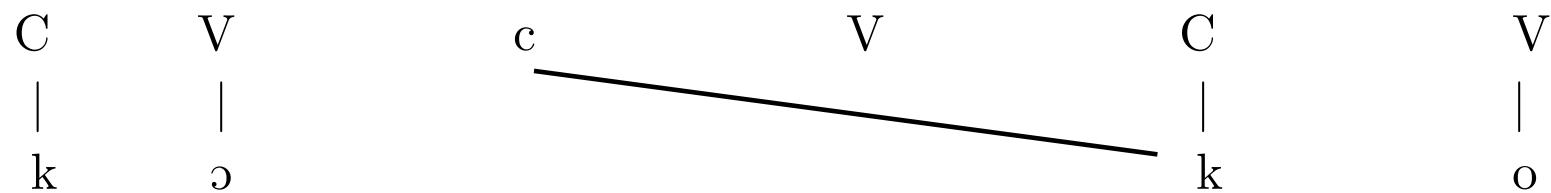
the slurry

SINGLETONS VS. GEMINATES

(19) Singleton spirantising with metrical lengthening (*tópo* ‘mouse’)



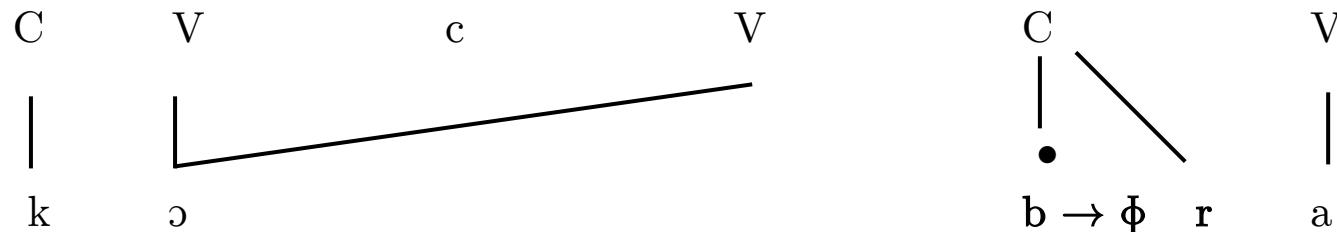
(20) Geminate length resists lenition (*cóccο* ‘coconut’)



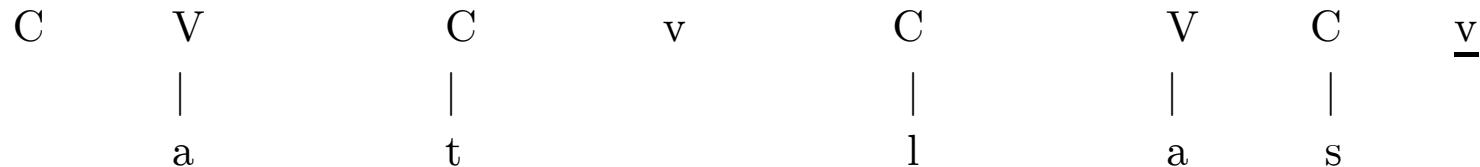
BRANCHING ONSETS ARE LIKE SINGLETONS BOGUS CLUSTERS ARE LIKE GEMINATES

INTERLUDE THEORY (STERIADÉ 2008) AND STRICT CV (LOWENSTAMM 2003,
BRUN-TRIGAUD & SCHEER 2010)

(21) Compressed Branching onset are short like singleton (*cóbra* ‘cobra’)



(22) Uncompressed Bogus clusters are ‘big’ like geminates (*átlas* ‘book of maps’)



BOGUS CLUSTERS VS. RIME ONSETS

Background: English t-glottaling Harris (1994)

petrol → [pétru] *[pέ?ru] ‘petrol’ (cf. [kέ?ərɪŋ] ‘kettering’

[bæ?ri] ‘battery’.

Though both cluster types have intervening empty V slots

Coda-Onset: ca/rvp/a carpa ‘carp’

Bogus cluster: i/pvs/ilon *epsilon* ‘stroke

Epenthesis: /pvs/icologa → [pis]icologa.

Considering the behaviour of [tʃ] in the same leniting environment that suggests another possible analysis: [mætʃ:əu] ‘macho’ vs. [mətʃízməu] ‘machismo’. I will leave it mysterious here.

| Cluster type by process | | | Process | | |
|--|--------------|----------|----------------------|--------|------------|
| Cluster type | Compressible | Licensed | Metrical Lengthening | Gorgia | Epenthesis |
| Branching Onset pr, br, tr, dr, kr, gr, kl, gl | yes | yes | yes | yes | no |
| Coda-Onset rp, rb, rt, rd, rtʃ, rdʒ, rk, rg, rm, rn, rl, lp, lb, lt, ld, ltʃ, ldʒ, lk, lg, lf, lv, rf, rv, lm, ln, mp, mb, nt, nd, ntʃ, ndʒ, ηk, ηg, nf, ns, sp, st, sk, fk | no | yes | no | no | no |
| Bogus cluster ps, tl, tn, kt, pt, tm, pn, tn, tl | no | no | no | no | yes |

THANKS

